

Unit/Theme: Thematic Key Question: Why is pilgrimage important to some religious believers?				
		Ye	ear Groups: UKS2	
		<u>k</u>	Key Vocabulary:	
	Sacred, pilgrimage, Wes	<u>stern Wall, Amidah, Varc</u>	anasi, Shiva, River Ganges, Hajj, Amritsar, Makkah, Bodhgaya,	
Date	Specific Knowledge	Learning Outcomes	Learning opportunities	
Week 1 What makes a place special, inspiring or sacred? Why are some places 'a destination of a lifetime'?		I can describe journeys I've made and explore meanings that special places might have. I can explain with reasons the importance of the most significant journeys in my life. I can discuss and present about my sense of space and place and how humans shape the landscape using local, national and global examples. I can describe my own aspirations to travel and similarities and differences between being a pilgrim and being a tourist.	Key Learning: Discuss the concept of a journey. What special journeys have pupils made or heard about? It might be to grandparents or to relatives further away. It might be to a park, to a city, another country, or continent. How long did the journeys take? Who were their companions? How did they feel when they arrived? What was the impact of the journey e.g. on the people and their feelings, on the environment? In groups categorise the journeys. Decide which are inspiring journeys and why. Introduce the Seven Wonders of the World or Seven places to go before we die: Show photos. These 7 concepts (excitement, fun, love, faith, peace, inspiration, memory?) are all significant in human journeys. Which of the 7 might apply more to journeys or to pilgrimage than others? Introduce the concept of pilgrimage. Places of pilgrimage become special because of something that happened there. Distinguish between a tourist and a pilgrim. How could we tell the difference? Does a pilgrimage involve prayer? What makes the difference? The question is intriguing and not obvious –return to it during this unit. Use a suitcase with appropriate items to help pupils explore the idea of preparation for an ordinary journey – and for a pilgrimage. How might someone about to go on a pilgrimage or spiritual journey prepare? Pupil Outcome/Task: Pupils to identify and select their own places for 7 Wonders of the World – they could be natural, human-made, or a mixture. Give reasons for each and attach feelings and emotions to them. Can they choose a place for each of these 7 concepts: excitement, fun, love, faith, peace, inspiration, memory? Can they choose images from the web to illustrate them, giving reasons for their choices?	
Week 2 Where might a Buddhist go to remember the life	There is the 52-metre high Mahabodhi stupa, with carvings on the outside and inside there is a large image of the Buddha touching the earth, which dates	I can describe what I learnt about Bodhgaya.	Key Learning: Read the story of Buddah: https://www.leominsterprimaryschool.co.uk/Documents/t2-re-492-the-story-of-the-buddha-powerpo intver_3.pdf The place where Buddha was enlightened: is it a sacred place? A place to be inspired? To change your life? Why? Take the class outside and do this activity under a tree. If the tree where the	



many pilgrims from a range of countries chant, do prostrations, and listen to teachers explain the Dharma through loud hailers in different languages, tourists buzz about shopping. It can be a challenge to find a guiet place to meditate. Outside the walls of the Bodhi stupa there are many temples and monasteries built

of Siddhartha Gautama?



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from about 1000 years ago. Beside the stupa, on the western side, is the large bodhi tree which people think is a descendant of the original tree that Buddha sat under when he achieved his enlightenment. If leaves fall, pilgrims eagerly pick them up as they are considered very precious. Between the tree and the temple wall is the 'Diamond Seat' where it is believed the Buddha sat. A small Buddha image sits on the spot. Nearby there is a stone carving of the footprints of the Buddha. The Jewel Promenade Shrine is to the north of the temple, marking where the Buddha walked up and down in meditation for seven days after his enlightenment. There are opportunities to make light offerings of candles or electric lights. Outside the stupa grounds flowers and lamps for offerings are for sale. Fish and birds are sold to be released to create the cause for a long life. It is often very noisy –in the background is Hindi dance music,	I can explain events from a pilgrimage to Bodhgaya. I can make connections between Buddhist ideas and practice and what I think myself. I can describe what might happen on a Buddhist pilgrimage, giving my views and reasons about what matters to Buddhists. I can discuss and present ideas about the merits of pilgrimage and of meditation. I can discuss and present the ideas of 'enlightenment', 'meditation' and 'pilgrimage', referring to the Buddha, the Dharma and the Sangha.	Buddha was enlightened was still there, 2550 years on, what might happen there now? Think silently (as the Buddha did) for 1 minute about this. Pair and share ideas. Explain that 2550 years later the place where the Buddha achieved enlightenment is famous. It is a World Heritage Site - what might that mean? It is in Northern India, in Bihar, which is a very poverty stricken state. Show on VR headsets or Google maps or Google Earth. Explain some of what happens in Bodhgaya (refer to specific knowledge). Ask pupils to think about the thousands of people who go to Bodhgaya. Some are tourists, and take photos, others are Buddhists who meditate and remember the Buddha. Many millions respect the teachings of the Buddha, and have no interest in going there: it is too far, too expensive, too tiring, or they have not got time. They remember the Buddha in other ways. What do the children think matters more: pilgrimage, or remembering? Why? Is it deepening meditation to control your own mind, or being there, that is more valuable to Buddhists? Pupil Outcome/Task: Children to create a webpage (headlines, pictures, text), to go on the wall in a Buddhist temple in England, advertising a pilgrimage to Bodhgaya. Should it mention the weather, the hotels and the nightlife, or the ideas of inspiration, calm and enlightenment?



Week 3 Comparing Sikh pilgrimage to Amritsar and Muslim pilgrimage Makkah: what are the differences and similarities?	and managed by different groups from a range of countries. Traditionally pilgrims visit each of the main temples and are awed by the variety of styles. https://www.encounterstravel.com/ uk/blog/amritsar#:~:text=Sikh%20 Pilgrims%3A%20Amritsar%20is%2 Othe.in%20and%20around%20the %20city.	I can recall and describe some of the main features of pilgrimage in Islam and Sikhism. I can make links between key beliefs in these religions and how pilgrimage is practised. I can discuss the similarities and differences in the ways the Muslims and Sikhs practise pilgrimage. I can discuss what, if anything, all types of pilgrimage share in common.	 Key Learning: Give pupils a list of 16 key words, 8 specifically relating to Hajj and 8 specifically relating to Amritsar. Can pupils sort the key words correctly? Discuss and correct errors. Now give pupils the 16 definitions of the key words. Can they match them correctly (to make this less challenging, use different colour paper for Islam and Sikhism? Sikh, Amritsar: Watch: The Golden Temple Amritsar - History and Facts for Kids Educational Videos by M Children to make notes on a whiteboard to refer to in the lesson. Islam, Makkah, Hajj: Refer back to previous Islam topic. How similar is pilgrimage in Sikhism and Islam? Use a Venn diagram to compare and contrast the two different pilgrimages. Give pupils words and phrases to put into their diagrams to encourage them to think deeply: believers are commanded to go', 'must take place at a certain time in order for the pilgrimage to count', 'everyone who goes is fed a free meal', 'important because of its history', 'pilgrims often bathe in the water there', 'important religious leaders in this religion lived here. After completing this activity, ask pupils to give their view on how similar or different are the two types of pilgrimage on scale of 1 (really different) to 5 (really similar). Ask them to write their number and a reason on a sticky note and place it on a scale drawn on the board. Discuss the responses as a class, giving pupils the opportunity to change their minds. Pupil Outcome/Task: Give pupils a three-column table to use a comparison. Column 1: Four beliefs common to Sikhism and Islam, each on a separate line: (belief in one God, equality and respect for all, helping the needy). Column 2: How is this belief shown on pilgrimage to the Golden Temple?
Week 4 What can we find out about pilgrimage in Hinduism?	Background information for teachers only: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=</u> <u>ZSzNUqAOFcO</u>	I can describe some of the ways in which Hindus take part in pilgrimage. I can explain how Hindus express some of their beliefs through pilgrimage.	<u>Key Learning:</u> Show pictures of places where Hindus go on pilgrimage, e.g. the river Ganges, Hardwar, Varanasi, many others (Try the clip from BBC My Life My Religion: <u>www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clips-video/religious-studies-ks2-mylife-my-religion-hinduism-pilgrimag</u> <u>e-hinduism/z4qhf4j</u>). Compare the different reasons pilgrims have for setting out on their journeys. Look at the Kumbh Mela, which happens every twelfth year, and is the biggest human gathering on the planet (2010). <u>www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/p010x9qx</u> is an important resource on Varanasi. Imagine you were going on a pilgrimage – how would you be ready? What would you ask? What would you take? What sort of prayers might you say? Ask pupils to consider which of the following are essential on a pilgrimage, which are desirable, and which are not needed:



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		I can talk about how		Water	Love for God	Special clothing	
		Hindus benefit from		Prayer	Money	The right attitude	
		taking part in pilgrimage.		Company	A Hotel	Time	
				Faith	Food	A clean heart	
			water is believed to b Ganges. There is a s	cial places in India nificance. How wou lindu pilgrimage? oring release from hort but interestin <u>av/world-asia-india</u> Create a collage t	n. Pupils could explo Id they show their r The River Ganges is bad karma. Watch g clip on the BBC: <u>2-21398254/kumbh-</u> o illustrate the relig	re the idea of a pla respect for such a pla a sacred river for a video of pilgrims -mela-thirty-million ious symbolism of	ace having a special place? What part Hindus. Drinking the bathing in the -pilgrims-prepare-to- cleansing and
Week 5 What makes the Western Wall in Jerusalem a holy place for Jewish people?	https://www.myjewishlearning.com /article/what-is-the-western-wall/	I can describe and explain a Jewish pilgrimage. I can make connections between other people's ideas and my own. I discuss and present ideas about pilgrimage for myself, showing I understand why.	Key Learning: Look of put a note in a wall? Read this account by "THE WALL: It started I thought it was a pilgr tremendous atmospher backwards in time with outstretched and finge wondered whether thes outpourings of people's touched not by the for	y Anna Simkin: with a long walk to t rimage. From a dista re. I felt myself being the weight of past rs ready. I saw screw se were notes of ren s hearts. The wall be eign tourists who ha c crying with misery of is one wall of the Te re I was standing an naps King David had	the wall, there were many the wall, there were many the wall, there were many of the wall	any other people with any other people with I I was amazed at its an incredible force and the warm stones bushed into the joins calised these must hav the form to very religi- but the Jews and Jew heir plea be taken by er people had throug ts I was thinking? I fi e. If you ask me what	h the same destination. s enormous size and towards the wall, yet with my arms in the rock and twe been the ious alike. My heart was vesses praying with God? How many wars phout the centuries felt a great feeling of I felt most about the



Week 6 What difference does pilgrimage make in a believer's life?	I can explain with empathy how some believers say that pilgrimage has changed their life. I can give three examples of specific actions that take place on pilgrimage that can make a change in a person's life. I can describe at least three practices from Pesach and say what they mean for Jewish people.	Anna Simkin was 13 when she wrote this at King David High School, Liverpool. What does Anna believe about God? How can you tell? In all your life, which place have you been to or visited that gives you a 'golden feeling'? Take two pieces of paper, and write on them some of the things you imagine might be written on the paper pushed into the joins in the rock on the Western Wall. To get the experience, go to the most crumbly wall at your school, and put your papers into the joins and gaps you find there. If someone said to Anna 'The wall is just a load of old stones', how do you think she would reply? I wonder if God hears the outpourings of people's hearts? Do prayers make a difference to what happens, and to how people feel? Pupil Outcome/Task: At the Wall Anna might have said the daily Jewish Prayer-the Amidah. With a partner, read it and make a list of six Jewish beliefs about God that can be found in the prayer. Share with a partner: Do you share any of these beliefs? Key Learning: In pairs discuss 'What do think might be the purposes of pilgrimage?' 'Of life itself?' Ask: How do religious people talk about their own experiences of pilgrimage? Discussions of personal experience of pilgrimage to Lourdes Can be seen here: Experience the Impact of the Lourdes Pilgrimage and some 6th formers in Nottingham talk here: www.beinspirational.co.uk/ks2-special-places-2/ Watch the video clips and make notes on a whiteboard. Should all religious believers take part in a pilgrimage? Discussions of panel of judges who will hear the arguments and cast their vote on whether all religious people should all religious people should take part in a pilgrimage. Pupil Outcome/Task: Divide their page in their books into four. In the middle, write the title 'four ways pilgrimage can change a person's life'. Write a short paragraph on each of the four ideas and include an illustration.
	Pesach and say what they mean for Jewish people. I can form arguments	
	and my own views about how important pilgrimage is to religious believers.	